

Advancing **Pharmacogenetic testing** to the **point-of-care**

Year End Results: 30 June 2024

genedrive plc (LSE: GDR)
2nd December 2024

Executive team



Dr Gino Miele | Chief Executive Officer

- Appointed as CEO August 2024.
- Appointed to board as CSO September 2023.
- Considerable experience in translational genomics and development of molecular diagnostic technologies and systems. Has held position of R&D Director at genedrive since 2015 and its predecessor Epistem since 2011.
- Key driver in the development of the Genedrive® system and the recent menu of pharmacogenetic tests.



Russ Shaw | Chief Financial Officer

- Appointed in April 2022.
- Over 25 years of international experience across multiple sectors including life-sciences, technology and industrials.
- 10 years as Finance Director at Driver Group plc, an AIM quoted company operating in the engineering and construction industry.
- CFO of several private companies and is a qualified Accountant and Treasury professional.

Agenda

- Our products
- FY'24 Highlights
- Positioning & progress
- Summary financials
- Outlook & future newsflow

Our Products

GD
SYSTEM



- The Genedrive® system is a **low-cost, simple-to-use** molecular diagnostic device. Positioned for **rapid, clinically actionable** pharmacogenetic test results

GD
MT-RNR1



- We have developed **two flagship rapid Point of Care tests** for deployment on the Genedrive® system;

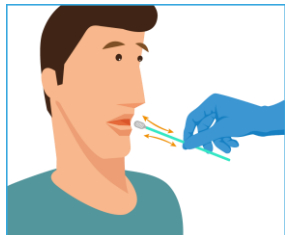
- **MT-RNR1 Kit**; the **world's first** genetic test to help avoid Antibiotic Induced Hearing Loss (AIHL) in neonatal intensive care

GD
CYP2C19

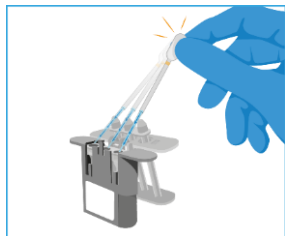


- **CYP2C19 Kit**; genetic test to enable more effective management of stroke patients – **first point of care product to maximise ethnic inclusivity**

Simplicity & speed to result



- Designed to be used by healthcare professionals in **time-critical emergency care** settings, enabling **rapid clinical decisions** on optimal therapeutic prescription



- Simple, **minimally invasive** adult or neonate cheek swab sample
- Used to reconstitute **freeze-dried, ambient temperature stable** cartridge test reagents



- Automated** genetic test result available to clinician in 26 minutes for MT-RNR1, and 69 minutes for CYP2C19, both being **well within clinically actionable timeframe required.**

FY 2024 Highlights

OPERATIONAL

MT-RNR1

- Initial orders for new sites in the UK
- Routine clinical use in Royal Sussex County Hospital, Brighton
- NIHR/OLS funding package to collaborators to address NICE evidence gaps in 14 UK hospitals (£500K sales revenue)
- Breakthrough device designation by US FDA
- Agreements with US distributor and Multi-state physician-led organization with broad coverage of US NICU sites.
- Positive assessment by Scottish Health Technology Group (SHTG) for implementation case in Scotland

CYP2C19

- UKCA marking (permitting commercialisation in UK and ME countries recognizing UKCA)
- Completion of clinical studies required for CE-IVD submission, with genedrive PoC test performance superior to laboratory platform.
- Recommendation by NICE as the PoC platform of choice for use in the NHS
- First UK sales (one of the largest Hyperacute stroke centre in NHSE)
- Positive assessment by Scottish Health Technology Group (SHTG) for implementation case in Scotland

FINANCIAL

- Revenue & other income of £0.5M (2023; £0.06M)
- Successful equity fundraise of £6M (gross) in June 2024, with use of funds focused towards commercial growth initiatives.



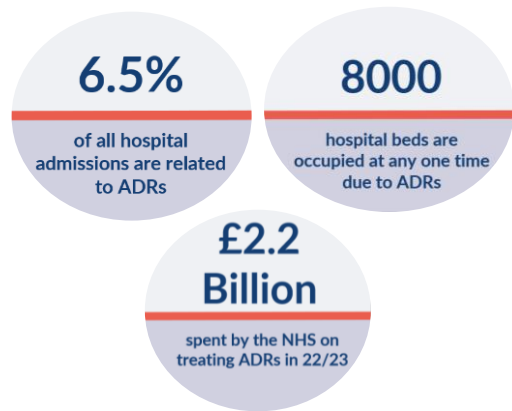
What is Pharmacogenetics (PGx) ?

The study of DNA variations relating to patient responses to drugs



- 90% of medications work only in 30-50% of people, with DNA variation affecting patient responses (ineffective or adverse responses)
- Adverse Drug Reactions account for 6.5% of hospital admissions

- **30%** of ADRs may be **preventable by PGx testing**



Up to
£660 million
could be saved

What is Pharmacogenetics (PGx) ?

The study of DNA variations relating to patient responses to drugs



- **Availability of an individual's genetic information to a clinician;**
 - ✓ helps address ineffective medication and adverse events
 - ✓ better informs medicine selection and dosing
 - ✓ improves patient outcomes
 - ✓ reduces healthcare costs
- PGx testing is mainly performed in centralised laboratories on expensive equipment and typically **cannot address emergency care requirements** where **rapid bedside result is required**.
- Actionable pharmacogenetics in **emergency care requires test results quicker** than laboratory-based testing can currently provide.
- **genedrive provides the solutions to this**



Our potential

Whilst PGx testing in emergency care is an emerging clinical paradigm, with a high barrier regulatory framework & complex market access and reimbursement frameworks.....

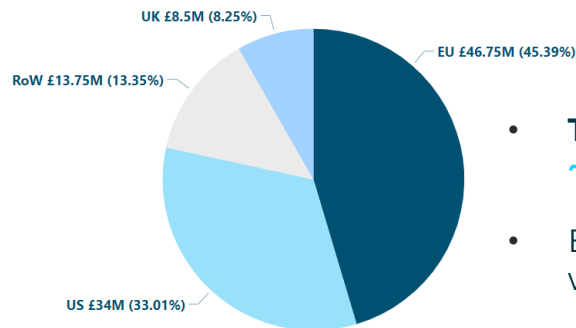
- Both of our PGx tests have **clear unmet clinical need globally**, and have been developed **with the NHS for the NHS**.
- Our tests offer **significant benefits to patients and healthcare systems**, and are **recommended by NICE** for use in the UK NHS
- Our Markets are significant relative to our size – **global opportunity** estimated at over **£300M p.a.**
- There is **no current comparably positioned competition** to our point of care tests in emergency care paradigms
- We are actively **in commercialisation phase** - D2C strategy in UK and focused **distributor network internationally**



Antibiotic Induced Hearing Loss (AIHL)



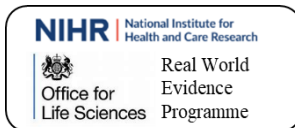
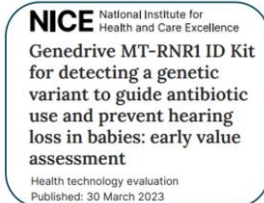
- ~1 in 7 babies born are admitted to Neonatal Units (~100K in UK pa), with a significant proportion requiring antibiotics
- Antibiotics required within 1hr ("Golden Hour") of decision to treat for suspected sepsis.
- ~1 in 500 of these will carry a variant in the MT-RNR1 gene DNA that places them at high risk of AIHL (profound, bilateral and irreversible hearing loss, requiring cochlear implants).
- **genedrive's MT-RNR1 test identifies those individuals prior to administration of antibiotics, reducing risk of AIHL.**
- **World's first** point of care pharmacogenetic test for AIHL in Neonatal Intensive Care Unit settings (CE-IVD)



- **Total annual addressable market estimate = ~£100M p.a.¹**
- Estimated to save NHS England ~£5M / year as well as avoiding AIHL in these babies.

Progress: AIHL

- Direct sales model in UK and focused distributor network internationally



- Recommended by NICE for use in NHS England (whilst further performance evidence is gathered) & positive assessment from SHTG for use in NHS Scotland (Oct.2024).
- NIHR / OLS Funding package to collaborators to address evidence gaps required by NICE (£500K revenue over 18mths) to transition to full recommendation (14 hospitals across UK nations).
- Growing commercial traction
 - Routine clinical use in 9 hospitals in UK, with further 5 committed.
 - **Recurring revenue** business model **~4,000 babies / year currently (4% of UK market)** (~10 saved from AIHL).
 - Initial international traction via distributor network (live sites in Europe and ME)



- Awarded **Breakthrough Device Designation** by **US FDA** (July '24), facilitating regulatory submission route.

“formal identification by the US FDA that a device in development should be expedited for patient access because of providing more effective treatment than the standard of care for the treatment or diagnosis of life-threatening or irreversibly debilitating human disease or conditions.”

- *International Biomedical – US distributor*
- *US Clinical research partner – wide multistate coverage of US NICUs.*
- *Consultation phase with FDA on study requirements (internal and inc. clinical)*
- *~12 months for studies /~1 year review by FDA under program (late 2026) – on track with previously communicated timelines*
- *Expediting where possible (e.g. seeking to use PALOH-UK clinical evidence)*

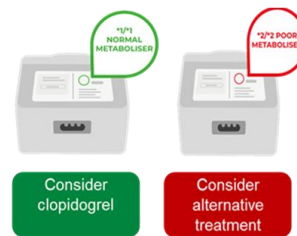
CYP2C19 & Stroke Management



- There are >100,000 strokes p.a in the UK (12M p.a globally and rising)
- ~100M people globally living with effect of stroke (cost of \$451Bn in 2017)
- Stroke is treated with antiplatelet drugs, such as Clopidogrel, with stroke guidance recommending administration **within 24 hours**.
- Clopidogrel needs to be broken down by CYP2C19 to become active but variants in CYP2C19 can impair this (e.g. *2, *3, *4, *8, *35), leading to poorer patient outcomes.



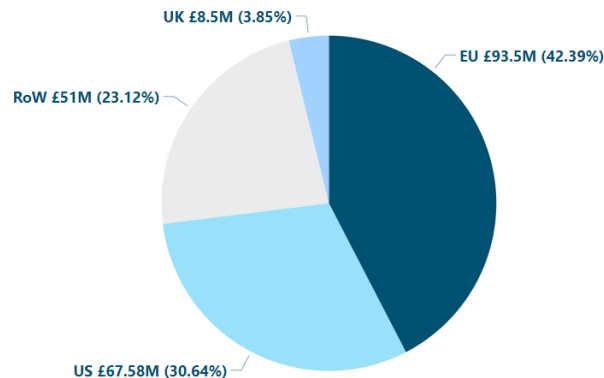
- Rapid Point of care pharmacogenetic test for DNA variants in the CYP2C19 gene (UKCA)
- The only PoC test with coverage of 5 key variants which underpin stroke patient response to the commonly prescribed antiplatelet Clopidogrel



CYP2C19 & Stroke Management

~30% of people carry variants in CYP2C19 known to impair efficacy of Clopidogrel (50% in certain ethnic groups). The genedrive CYP2C19 test identifies five of these, with results available to the clinician in ~70 mins.

Interventional CYP2C19 testing to optimise antiplatelet therapy in stroke is estimated to save NHS England ~£160M annually & offer better patient outcomes.



- **Total annual addressable Market estimate = £220M p.a¹**
- Middle East & US are key international markets
- Stroke incidence in Middle East is high and age of onset is in younger age group (50% under 45yrs in UAE).
- US entry will be pursued via 510(k) route

- Direct sales model in UK and distributor network (tbd) internationally

NICE National Institute for Health and Care Excellence

CYP2C19 genotype testing to guide clopidogrel use after ischaemic stroke or transient ischaemic attack
In development [GID-DG10054]
31st July 2024

- UKCA, with CE-IVD anticipated end-Q1 2024.
- Recommended by NICE as PoC test of choice for NHSE
- Positive value assessment by SHTG for use in Scotland.
- “DEVOTE” clinical study demonstrated superior performance relative to centralised laboratory reference test (speed, accuracy, successful tests & target coverage).



In response to an enquiry from the Accelerated National Innovation Adoption (ANIA) collaborative

Genotype testing to guide clopidogrel use after an ischaemic stroke or transient ischaemic attack (TIA)

- ~4% of patients unlikely to respond to clopidogrel **would not be identified by focus on *2/*3 alone (e.g. comparator POC test or some lab tests).**
- Our test increases ethnic inclusivity and facilitates **equitable access to healthcare.**

Initial commercial focus is on regions recognising UKCA (UK, ME) followed by regions recognising CE-IVD & US FDA.

UK:

Ongoing NHSE “pilot” to establish development of an accessible and efficient model for incorporating CYP2C19 genetic testing into stroke and TIA care in NHSE

- expected to conclude April 2025, with further UK business model clarity subsequently
- First sales to largest Hyper Acute Stroke Centre in NHSE & several other stroke centres expected to implement in advance of NHSE pilot concluding

Europe & ME:

Focus on ME (UKCA) and subsequently Europe with CE-IVD.

US:

Pursual of US market via 510(k) route.

FY24 Summary Financials

Income statement	FY24 £'000	FY23 £'000	
Revenue and other income	501	55	Revenue - RNRI in routine use and grant income received
R&D costs	(4,175)	(3,924)	£0.25m increase, includes the DEVOTE programme costs
Admin costs	(1,638)	(1,355)	£0.3m increase due to enhanced sales and support efforts
Operating loss	(5,312)	(5,224)	
Finance costs	(2,468)	(787)	£1.9m non-cash fair value adjustment and £0.6m transaction costs
Finance income	30	30	
Loss before tax	(7,750)	(5,981)	
Tax	675	831	Reflects reduction in HMRC R&D tax relief rates
Loss after tax	(7,075)	(5,150)	



FY24 Cashflow

Cashflow	FY24 £'000	FY23 £'000	
Operating loss before changes in working capital	(5,006)	(4,874)	Slight increase from the prior year
Working capital	407	113	£0.3m higher than FY23 mainly due to creditors
Taxation	831	956	£0.8m receipt from HMRC R&D tax credit scheme
Net cashflow from operations	(3,768)	(3,805)	
Proceeds from investment funding	7,200	2,300	Fund raise of £5.4m (net) announced in June 2024
Transaction costs - investment funding	(614)	(283)	
Repayment of lease liabilities	(222)	(193)	
Other	(9)	(7)	
Net cash flow	2,587	(1,988)	
Cash at beginning of year	2,601	4,589	
Cash at end of year	5,188	2,601	Unaudited cash at 21 November 2024 of £3m
Underlying monthly burn rate:	FY24 £'000	FY23 £'000	
Gross	(403)	(413)	Underlying cash consumption of £0.4m pcm
Adjusted for taxation	(333)	(334)	Monthly rate reduces to £0.33m



Summary & Outlook

- Genedrive are **well positioned to capitalise** on the emerging paradigm of **near-patient pharmacogenetic testing**
- **Two world-leading genetic tests** for use in near-patient, time critical emergency care settings;
 - ✓ With clear global unmet clinical need & recommended by NICE
 - ✓ Underpinned by positive clinical guidance recommendations & value assessments
 - ✓ Strong health economic cases (patient & financial)
 - ✓ Global addressable market of ~£320M p.a.
 - ✓ No competitors currently similarly positioned with equivalent offering
 - ✓ On-track regulatory & registration processes for target regions
 - ✓ Growing domestic and international commercial traction

Newsflow – what to expect

Near term

- Implementation plans for MT-RNR1 in Scotland
- Implementation plans for CYP2C19 in Scotland
- CYP2C19 ID Kit performance against laboratory platform
- CYP2C19 CE-IVD certification progress
- Commercial progress for both products domestically & internationally (when significant), throughout FYs.

Medium to longer term

- Product development
- US FDA 510(k) submission progress for CYP2C19

Longer term

- PALOH-UK and NICE evidence gap closure progress.
- US FDA *de novo* submission progress under Breakthrough Device Program.

Mission & Values

At genedrive, we are;

- Innovative, entrepreneurial & commercially focused individuals with deep expertise in pioneering near patient molecular diagnostic solutions into complex healthcare systems.
- Passionate about our disruptive products, enabling better patient outcomes, and addressing health inequalities whilst offering significant financial savings to healthcare systems.
- Committed to growing our company to be a world leader in near patient pharmacogenetic testing & delivering value for our shareholders & stakeholders.

Q&A